VK6ME

PERTH, WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Wave-length: 9590 kilocycles. Power: 200 watts unmodulated in the aerial.

A.W.A.

Owns and Operates

Beam Wireless Services to Great

Beam Wireless Services to Great Britain, The Continent of Europe and North and South America. Beam Wireless Picturegram Service for the transmission of Pictures between Australia and Great Britain and Nth. America. Wireless Telephone Services to Great Britain, The Continent of Europe, North and South America, Java and New

Coastal Radio Stations in Australia, Papua, New Guinea and Fiji.

Wireless Services on ships of the Australian Mercantile Marine.

Radio - Electric Works for the manufacture of every type of transmitting equipment and Radiola broadcast receivers.

Research and experimental laboratories.

WORLD-WIDE BROADCASTING SERVICE

WESTERN AUSTRALIA AREA IN SQUARE MILES: 975 920

POPULATION: 461.557

DISTANCES FROM VK6ME (Miles) London - - - 8,933

New York - - - 11,625 Chicago - - 10,976 San Francisco - 9,175 Rio De Janeiro - 8,389

Tokio - - - - 4,928 Shanghai - - - 4,384

Calcutta - - - 4,247

Capetown - - - 5,396

Wellington - - 3,266



AMALGAMATED WIRELESS (A/SIA) LTD.



POST CARD

Dear Sir,

We wish to acknowledge with thanks and to confirm your report of

on the interception of world-wide broadcasts through our station VK6ME.

Yours faithfully,

Overseas Broadcasting.

ADDRESS ONLY

Mr. Wained T. Thomas Proctornille,



Further particulars of Australian travel from

AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL TRAVEL ASSOCIATION

Melbourne, Australia; London, England; Los Angeles,
U.S.A.; Bombay, India; Wellington, New Zealand;
Toronto, Canada; Shanghai, China; Tokyo, Japan;
Batavia, Java; Cairo, Egypt; Paris, France.

And from all Shipping Offices and Travel Agencies,

where bookings may be effected.



AUSTRALIA'S FAUNA

AUSTRALIA OFFERS

YOU will find plenty to see and to do in Australia, a country new enough to be vastly intriguing, but presenting all the amenities of comfort and entertainment in its million-peopled cities.

During the summer months, December, January and February, there are the tonic of surf and sun on golden beaches . . . the thrills of discovering new beauty by mountain, river, sea and open plain . . forests of giant eucalypts, and the delicate beauty of fern gullies . . big game fishing off the New South Wales coast—trout in the mountain streams . . . snow sports in the Alps during the winter months . . golf over picturesque fairways . . strangely beautiful fauna in reserves close to the cities . . adventurous travel in the "out-back" or amongst the romantic isles of the Great Barrier Coral Reef . . sport aplenty in the cities, where you will thrill to the strivings of the great Australian thoroughbreds on famous courses.

Perhaps you are a man of business. Australia's growing markets are worth the personal investigation of an exporter, as are the tremendous sources of raw supplies if you are a manufacturer or importer. Possibly, just plain and profitable investment interests you. Australia, as a prospectus, is as promising as the trip to see it is fascinating.

£1 Sterling is worth 25/- in Australia.

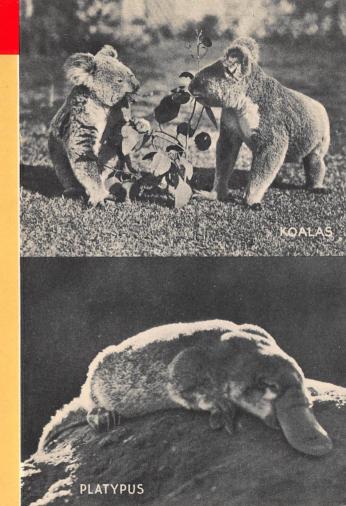
AUSTRALIA'S 150th ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS,

SYDNEY.

(January 26 to April 25, 1938).

Pageantry and Carnival; British Empire Games; International golf, tennis, cricket, and swimming; Surfacarnivals; Harbour regattas; horse racing; Royal Agricultural Show; All-Australian Exhibition and many other

spectacular events.





AUSTRALIA'S FAUNA

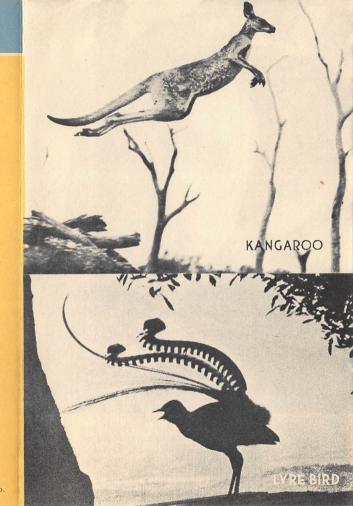
MILLIONS of years before the advent of man, the dominant creatures of the earth were Dinosaurs, reptilian monsters of great bulk and fantastic appearance. In their place developed the mammals—not precisely the beasts which we know today, but their immediate ancestors. The oldest of all the mammals are those now found in Australia.

Whether the mammals of old reached what is now Australia over a thencomplete land bridge from Asia, or whether they found their way across an ancient land-mass linking South America and Australia, the fact appears to be that they became isolated here before predatory beasts were able to follow them. Thus, during many millions of years they flourished in the peace of a huge island-continent, a "dead-end" faunal area frequently referred to by writers as a land of "living fossils."

To-day, although Australia's animals in general are different from those of old, they remain the same in broad principles.

Here are found the only two surviving groups of egg-laying mammals, the Platypus and the Echidna. Here, too, are practically the whole of the surviving pouched animals, or marsupials. It is true that Australia contains also many representatives of the placental groups—such as Whales, Porpoises, Seals, and Dugongs, and, among land-dwellers, Rats, Mice, etc.—but the spectacular members of our fauna are the egg-layers and the pouched animals.

Kangaroos and Wallabies are perhaps the most familiar of Australia's animals. But they are not more appealing than the lovable Koala, the curious Flying Phalangers, the Rat-Kangaroos, the Kangaroo-Mice, and many other whimsical creatures. Not less curious and attractive are many of the 700 species of birds found in Australia. The Lyre Birds, the Bower Birds, the Mound-builders, and the Kookaburras are among the most distinctive of the world's birds.





No. 100//BH. Bandoeng, March 23rd, 1934.

Dear Mr. Thomas,

Thank you for your report on PLV, dated January 24th, 1934.

PLV, 9415 kc/s, is working every day on telephone to San Francisco and Amsterdam.

Sincerely yours, Wounderveen

H. van der Veen, Engineer-in-charge, Bandoeng Wireless Stations, Bandoeng, Java.



To

Mr. D.F. Thomas,

Twenty-Sixth Street,

Ferry Co,

Proctorville, Ohio,

U. S. A.

RADIO INDONESIA

MAKASSAR STUDIO

Adress: Strandweg Zuid 2 Makassar - Celebes East-Indonesia.

Transmitters: YDQ - 9550 Kc/sec -31,41 meters (IOKw) YDQ 2 - 5030 Kc/sec -59,64 meters (5 Kw) YDQ 3 -11084 Kc/sec -27,06 meters (5 Kw)
To Mr David F. Thomas Nakassar,
Proctorville
u. s. A.
We thank you for your report dated August . 49and we are pleased to
inform you that your enumeration of the programme - items is found to be
does not correspond
with our station log
We greatly appreciate your willingness to inform us about the reception of
our station.
Our daily programmes are (in G. M. T.):
YDC: 22.00 - 23.00 Indonesian 23.00 - 00.00 Dutch
03.00 - 05.00 Indonesian 05.00 - 06.30 Dutch
09.00 - 15.00 Indonesian
YDQ 3 10.00 - 15.00 Dutch
22.00 - 23.00 Dutch
Forces programme in Dutch: from 10.00 - 12.00 hrs and from 22.00 - 23.00 hrs on YDQ 3
Forces programme in Indonesian from 12.00 - 14.00 hrs on YDQ and YDQ 2.
News bulletins are read in: , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1. Dutch: 22.30 (YDQ 3) - 23.30 (05.15) - 05.15 (YDQ and YDQ 2) - 06.15 (YDQ and YDQ 2) - 11.30 (YDQ 3)
2. Indonesian: 22.30 (YDQ) and YDQ 2) - 23.30 (YDQ 2) - 04.30 (YDQ and YDQ 2) 11.00 (YDQ and YDQ 2) - 14.00 (YDQ)
We announce our station as follows:
Dutch: "Hier is Makassar, Radio Indonesië"
Indonesian: "Disini Makassar, Radio Indonesia"
Message tot our listeners: We should be very much obliged when listeners would keep us informed, from time to time, about the reception of our station. Will you be so kind to inform your friends about our transmissions? Reports will be answered immediately!

Faithfully yours, RADIC INDONESIA Makassar Studio. Radio-station YCN-3 West Borneo May 17th 1949

David F. Thomas

Official Longwave Listening

Radio. W.U.M.S.

Proctorville Ohio U.S.A.



Dear Sir

I received your letter in the best conditions.

I'm very glad, that you hearing my station.

I hope in the next time, we can used another frequence.

I'm very sorry for you, we have not a QSL or verification card, but we have one picture of ours station.

I hope you will take it.

From the Eastern of U.S.A, we get some one report, but also she telling me, about the code station.

Oure transmitter, is a Phillips product, with a antenne output of 200 watt phone.

Sincerely Yours

Chaef of radiosciation

J.B.Flohr

RADIO-STATION PONTIANAK